## THE NEW YORK HERALD.

MORNA NG EDITION ---- THURSDAY, APRIL 22, 1852.

WHOLE NO. 7113.

DOUBLE SHEET.

A UCTION SALE-J. McCORMACK, AUCTIONEER—
Adjourned sale, at 10½ o'clock, on Thurstay, April
the 22nd.-By I. W. Havens—To close a concern. All
the stock of Ornamental from Fursiture at the store No.
20 Broadway, consisting of from Betstends in every variety,
clogant Spring Chairs, Pier and Contro Tables, with marble
and from tops, Metallic case Clocks, Night Clocks, Portable
Beds, folding Redsteads, Cribs and Cradles, &.c., to be sold in
quantities to suit purchasers, by
I. W. HAVENS.

A UCTION NOTICE.—THOS. BELL. AUCTIONEER—By W. L. Van Zandt.—The sale of the stock of a whole-sale Liquor establishment, No. 12 Canal street, and worthy attention, will come off this day at 10% o'clock, rain or shine, ready for delivery immediately after the sale, aplendid Beer Pump. Counters, Fixtures, Horse and Wagon, &c.

A UCTION NOTICE.—THOS. BBLL, AUCTIONEER— By W. L. Van Zandt.—This day, at 10½ o'clock, will be told at No. 3 Reade street, near Centre street, the furniture, &c., of the California House.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., AUCTIONEERS, WILL

HENRY II. LIFE23S & CO., AUCTIONEERS—WILL sell at auction, on Thursday, April 22. at 10½ o'clock, at 17 Hudson street, near Duane, Household Purniture, consisting of Brussels and ingrain Carpets, mchogany Sofas, in hair cloth; parlor Cheirs, in hair cloth; mahogany Burcaus; wardrobee, card Tables, Washstands, gist frame Mirrors, mahogany and iron Bedsteads; hair Mattresses; Feather Beds, Bolsters, Blankets, &c., Window Curtains; with an assortment of Kitchen Furniture.

JOHN L. VANDEWATER, AUCTIONEER.—THURS-day, April 22, at 10½ o'clock, at 163 Livingston street, South Brooklyn.—Household Furniture.—The usual assortment of genteel Household Furniture, consisting of Mahogany and Black Walnut Sofas, Chairs, Lounges, Easy and Parlor Chairs, in bair cloth; Marble top Centre Tables, Sofas, do: Etageres, Dining Tables, Breakfast do.; Work Tables, Rockers, Mantel Ornaments, Pier Glasses, Music Stands, Mahogany Bedsteads, Burcans, Washatands, Toilet Stands, Toilet Sets, Brussels, Tapestry, and Three Fly Carspeting. Also, one Roswood Plano. Also, some fine Oil Paintings. Also, one Keyser portable Furnace. Also, an assortment of kitchen and basement furniture, with which the sale will commence.

JOHN L. VANDEWATER, AUCTIONERR.—
Will sell to-morrow, Thursday, April 22, at 16½ o'clock at 37 West Washington place—Household Furniture,—A splendid assortment of Household Furniture, consisting of Kosewood, and Mahogany Parlor Suits, Sofas, Tete-a-Tetes, Lounges, Easy Chairs, Rockers, Parlor Chairs, in hair cloth Marble top Centre Sofa and Portables, Worktables, Mahogany and Black Walnut Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands Toilet Tables, Toilet Sets, Pier Glasses and Slabs, Brussels Tapestry, and Three Ply Carpets. Also, one Rosewood Piano, only a short time in use, and made by Chickering Also, an assortment of basement and kitchen furniture with which the sale will commence.

JOHN L. VANDEWATER, AUCTIONEER.—THURS day, April 22, at 12 o'clock, at the sales room, 12 Wal street. Dahlias, &c.—A large and beautiful collection o Dahlias, ifrom the celebrated nursery of James Drysdale Glasgow, recently imported per steamer Baitic, to be sold it lots, twelve varieties in each, and warranted true to name and color.

TORN L. VANDEWATER, AUCTIONEER -FRIDAY

the morning of sale.

JOHN L. VAN DEWATER, AUCTIONEER -SATURday, 24th April, at 10½ oʻclock at 240 West Thirteenth
street-Hamschoid Furniture, -The entire Furniture of the
shove home, consisting of mahogany and black walnut parlor and dining room Sofas, Chairs, Voltaires, Rockers, &c.,
in hair cloth; reservond pier and Centre Tables, with marble
tops: Card Tables, Etegure Sideboard: mahogany carred
Bedstand, Burcaus; Washstande; Toilet Sate; China and
Glass Ware: Curtains: Fier Glasses, Mantel Ornaments;
Russels and Ingrain Carpetine. &c. Also, an assortment
of kitchen and besement Furniture, with which the sale will
commence.

JOHN L. VANDEWATER, AUCTIONEER SATUR-

day, April 24, at 103, o'clock, at 125 Clinton street-Homehold Forniture, heing the entire furniture contained in the above home, consisting of the usual assortment of black walnut and makezany parlor and cliniar room Furni-ture, extension Dising Table, curd, pier, and contre Tables, with marble tops. Exactres, makegany Bedsheads. Bureaus, Washstands. Tollet Set, Wardrobes and Brussela Carpetine, pier and mantel Classes, Oranments, &c., teacher with the usual assortment of basemont and kitchen Furniture, with which the sale will commence.

SAMES BY AUCTION.

A UCTION NOTICE.—THOS. BELL, AUCTIONEER—By W. L. Yan Zahite.—Sale at 10½ o'clock, on Friday, of Hoteland other Farmiture, at 22 Hockman street. Saturday—Large sale in the auction rooms. Mynday—Sale of Furniture, Plano, &c., at 35 Poarl street. Tuesday—At 98 Chambers street. Wednerday—At Abigdor place and 36 Broome street. &c. &c.

A UCTION NOTICE.—C. CASSIDY, AUCTIONEER.—A By H. N. Bush, this day, at 10½ o'clock, in the sales rooms, No. 10 North William street, by virtue of a mortgage, three flook Cases, two Deaks, two double ditte, two second hand Finnofortes, one Organ, ive Concel Bedsteads, and one Wardrobe. Also a small lot of Furniture, Grocories, &c. Friday, at 10½ o'clock, at 24 Bowery, the contents of a large Boarding House.

A UCTION NOTICE—GROCERIES, SPANISH SEGARS, brandy, wines, &e.—Friday, April 23d, at 10% o'clock, at 70 by street, comer of Greenwich street, Green Pass, Sweet oil, Pickles, Candles, Soap, Rice, Starch, Figs. Prunes, Rsissius, Salf, Sugar, Sozers, Tobacco, Currante, Almonds, Dutch cheese, Green and Black Tess, Gefic, Socoa, Popper, Mahogany and Marble top Counters, &c.

W. A. CARTER, Auctioneer.

asid at No. 3 Reade street, near Centre street, the furniture, &c., of the California House.

HENRY H. LEEDS, & CO., AUCTIONEERS—WILL No. 165 St. Mark's place, near Tompkin's Square, all the furniture contained in the large double three-story house, as above, consisting of carved rosewood Furniture, excerted in Amask plush; Sofas, Divans, Couches, Chairs, &c., tapestry Carpets, satin damask Curtains, lace under do., superb Pianoforte, cost \$550 a short time since, made by Gilbert & Co., large Fire Gisses, Clocks, Ormulu Candlebras, Chandellers, elegant Oil Paintings, Dining room Furniture, containing of valuable extension Tables, Chairs, damask Curtains, buffet, Sofas, Brussels Carpets, Clocks, rich Glassware, &c. Library—very beautiful carved and plain Bookcases, in oak and mahogany—beautifully illustrated works, &c. bedroom Furniture of mahogany Bedsteads, Washstands, Bureaus, dressing do., Wilton Carpets, satin damask Window Curtains, Beds, Mattresses, and a general assortment of other Furniture. Also, one close Carriage, and one Barouche, Harness, and other stable articles. corner Hieks street, the Furniture of a boarding house. Catalogues at the sales rosm.

A. J. BLEECKER WHE SELL, AT AUCTION, ON Friday, April 234, 1852, at twelve o'clock, at the Morchante' Exchange, the following desirable proper, viz-On Niath street.—The four four story Brick Tenoment Houses and lots of Ground, known as Nos. 355, 358, 360 and 352 Ninth street, north side, and between avenues C and D. and near avenue C. The houses Nos. 359, 353 and 362, aro 18 feet by about 40 feet in depth; the lots are each 18 feet front, by about 40 feet in depth; The house No. 350 is 21 feet front, by about 40 feet in depth, Band now occupied as a store; the lot is 21 feet by 100 feet in depth. This property offers unusual inducements for the investment of capital. The houses are all occupied by mechanics, and the ronts are promptly paid in advance. The situation is very desirable, being in the vicinity of the Ship Yard, Novelty Works, and other business and mechanical operations, and cannot but be always occupied. For terms and further particulars, apply to the auctioneer, No. Broad street.

D. A CHILTON, AUCTIONEER—SALE OF HOUSE. HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., AUCTIONEERS, WILL, sell at auction, on Thursday, April 22, at 10 c'clock, at 712 Broadway—consisting of Brussels Carpets, Mahogany Sofas and Chairs in hair cloth. Sofa Bedsteads, Centro Tables, Window Curtains and Cornices, Wardrobes, Dining Tables, Sideboards, Bedsteads, Wash Stands, Mattressee, Beds and Bedding; a large assortment of China and Glass Ware. Also Kitchen Furniture, with which the sale will commence. LEVRY H. LEEDS & CO., AUCTIONEERS, WILL sell at auction, on Thursday, April 22, at 10½ o'clock, at 14 State street, corner of Pearl, Household Furniture— Consisting of Mahegany Sofas, Parlor Chairs in hair cleth, Mahegany Centre and Card Tables, Sideboards, Wash Stands, Bedeteads, Mahegany Dining Tables, Window Curtains, Bed-room and Kitchen Furniture, &c.

ply to the auctioneer, No. 7 Broad street.

B. A CHILTON, AUCTIONEER—SALE OF HOUSE—hold Furniture and Paintings at No. 49 Fifth street, near Second avenue.—Cole & Chilton will sell, on Thursday, April 22, commencing at 10 o'clock, at the dwelling house No. 49 Fifth street, a large and general assortment of parlor, bed room, dining room, and kitchen Furnsiture, consisting, in part, of Brussels, parlor, and stair Carpets; ingrain and three-ply do., mahogany Sofas, Chairs, Tables, Brans, Ottomans, &c.; walnut Etepsres, percelain and gilt Vases, Solar Lamps, rets mantel do.; very rich porcelain eight-day clock; "Paul and Virginia:" French and other bedstessie Hair Mattresses, Paillase, Feather Beds, Counterpanes, Pillows, cut glass ass, Paillase, Feather Beds, Counterpanes, Pillows, cut glass ses, Paillase, Feather Beds, Counterpanes, Pillows, cut glass on, Paillase, Feather Beds, Counterpanes, Pillows, cut glass of Italian and Flemish schools; framed ongravings, Sc. The sale will commence with a variety of basement and kitchen forniture. Catalogues at the omes of the Auctioneer, No. 9 Wallatreet. Terms cash, in bankable funds.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., AUCTIONEERS, WILL sell at auction, on Friday, April 23, Household Furniture, at half pastten o'clock, at No. 50 Chambers street, near Broadway, consisting of Brussels and ingrain Carpets, Oil Cloth, mohogany Sofas and Settees, Egyotian marble top and column pier Tables, with plate glass basks: Mantel Ornaments. Vases, Shades. Lamps, mahogany Sideboard, Secretary, Chairs, Tables, Washstands, Clothes-press, Burreaus, &c. Wallstreet. Terms cash, in bankable funds.

A. CHILTON, AUCTIONERR.—ADMINISTRA—
tot's Sale of Elegant Household Furniture, on Friday,
April 23, at No. 85 Second avenue, corner of Fifth street.
Cole and Chilton will sell at auction, at ten c'clock on
Friday, the elegant furniture in the above large hous,
comprising polished and richly carved mahogan Sofas,
Chairs, Card and Quartette Tables, Extension Dinig
Tables, Secretary Bookcases of Mecch & Hobber manufacture, Mantel Lamps, Candelabras, Bronne Card Racks, Sojar Lamps, Window Curtains, Brussels and Ingrain Carpets, Oil Cloths, &c., French Bedsteads, Hewett's patent,
do., Dressing Bureaus, Looking-glasses, Twemty-one Day
Clock, Washistands, Shower Baths, Mattrasso, Feather
Beds, together with a variety of Cut Glass and China Wars,
and an assortment of Kitchen Furniture, with which the
sale will commence. Terms—The goods must be paid for
in bankable funds as delivered on the day of sale. Catalogues may be had at the auctioneer's office, No. 9 Wall
street.

B. HOUGH, AUCTIONEER—FRIDAY. (TO-MOR-Derow) at 01½ o'clock, A. M., at No. 17 Eldridge street, near Division street, the entire furniture of the house, em-bracing a large assertment of good mahogany parlor and chamberfurniture, Carpets, Glasses, and 6 apperior Feather Beds, best Hair Mattrasses, &c., &c. Particulars to-morrow. Saturday, at the store, 54 Beckmen street, a large variety of second hand Furniture, Carpets, &c.

F. COLTON, AUCTIONERR.—GENTBEL HOUSE, told Furniture, Pier Glass, &c.—F. Colton will sell, this day, Thursday, April 22d, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 86 Pine Apple street, Brooklyn, the entire furniture of the house, comprising Sofas, Mahogany Chairs, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Centre and Card Tables, Beds, Matrossos, Three-ply and Ingrain Carpets, China and Glassware, Solar and Hall Lamps, basement and bedroom Furniture, &c. Also, one large French Plate Glass, 110 by 42 inches. Sale positive, rain or shine. On Friday, April 23d, genteel Furniture, at 13% East Broadway. ILENRY II. LEEDS & CO., AUCTIONEERS, WILL sell at auction, on Friday, April 23d, at 10 o'clook, at No. 29 West Eighteenth street—Spiendid Household Furniture—All of the richest descriptions, made by Baudoina, in Paris, nearly new, consisting partly of rich parior suites of elaborately carved Rosewood Furniture, covered in mount of the Axminster Carpets, handeliers, splendid sain Bantich Axminster Carpets, beautifully carved Rosewood Bookease, lined with sain wood; Etegere do., Ladies Work Tables, Fancy Chairs, Fire Sersens, large Pier Glassos, about 30 beautiful Oil Paintings, &c. &c. Dining Room Furniture—All made to order, in Paris, covered with red satin damask; Couches, Arm Chairs, Parlor do, Extension Dining Table, buffet turkey red Curtains, rich Dinner, Desert, and Tea Sets, of French china; new style Cut Glass, Plated Ware, &c. Bedroom Furniture—Rosewood carved Bedsteads, French Dressing Bureaus, do., marble tops; Rosewood Cabinet; Amour a Glace, Chairs, Brussels Carpets, French Mahogany, in every variety, of the mest costly description; Vases, Curtains, Looking Glasses, rich cottage enamelled Furniture, &c., &c. Can be examined, with tick ets of admission, one day before the sale, on application at our store, No S Wall street, opposite New Street.

HENRY T. LEEDS. AUCTIONEER.—THIS DAY, (Thursday,) at 10 o'clock, at house No. 6 Greenwich street, all the furniture in the above house. China and Glass Ware, Tables, Bedsteads, 15 Feather Beds, 100 Sheets, 70 Fillow Cases, Blankets, 20 Patent Bedsteads. &c., being the furniture of the late Franklin Hotel, as above. Catalogues will be ready. Sale rain or shine.

legues will be ready. Sale rain or shine.

HENRY T. LEEDS, AUCTIONEER.—SALE POSTponed on account of the weather, will take place (instead of Tuesday) on Friday, at 10½ o'clock, at the house
359 Pacific street. Brooklyn. All the handsome Furniture
in the above house, consisting of Tapestry, Brussels Carpet,
Sofas, Chairs, Rockers, Mantle Ornaments, Marble Top.
Center and Sofa Tables, Window Curtains, threeply and
ingrain Carpets, Bedsteads, Dress Bureaus, Washstands,
Feather Beds, Mattresses, Palliastres, &c. Also. China
Dinner Set, Tes Set, Kitchen Furniture, with which the sale
will commence. Also, one gray Horse and one bay saddle
Horse. Also, Rockaway and Light Wagons, double and
single Harness. Also, one superior Cow, Stable Furniture,
&c. Catalogues are now ready.

JOHN L. VANDEWATER, AUCTIONEER.—THURSday, April 22, at 10½ o'clock, at No. II Cheever place,
near Harrison street, South Brooklyn.—Household Furniture—An assortment of rich Household Furniture, consisting of Rosewood, Mahogany, and Black Walnut Parlor Furniture. Soffas, Lounges, Tete-a-Tetes, Chairs, Rockers, &c.,
in hair cloth; Pier Glasses, Mantel Ornaments, Marble top
Centre, Pier, and Sofa Tables, Etegeres, Bookeasse, Extension Dining Tables, Work Tables, Music Stands, Card Taslies, Mahogany and Black Walnut Bedsteads, Bureaus,
Washistands, Toilet Set, China Glassware, Carpeting, &c.,
&c. Togother with the usual assortment of Kitchen and
hasement furniture, with which the sale will commence. MORIARTY, AUCTIONEER, WILL SELL, THIS DAY at 10/5 o'clock, at 173 Chatham street, a large assortmen of Furniture removed for sale from different families; consist ing of Bureaus, Chaire, Tables, Bedsteads, a great many Fea ther beds, Ingrain and Brussels Carpets, Sofas, Mirrors Clocks, Creckery, Gigasware, Stoves, and one Extension

J. W. BROWN, AUCTIONERR.—HOUNEHOLD FUR.

niture.—Friday, April 23, at No. 23 Douglass street,
Brooklyn, will be sold at auction, as above, the Furniture
of a family declining housekeeping, consisting of Sofas,
Tete-a-tetes, Chairs, Carpets, Looking Glasses, Centre and
Card Tables, Dining Tables, China, Glass Ware, Kitchen
Utensile, &c.

JACOB BOGART, AUCTIONERR.—STORE NO. 15
Spruce street.—Stock of Groceries, this day, at No. 395
Pearl street, at 10½ o'clock, consisting of brown and white
Sugars, green and black Teas, Coffees, Spices, Candles, sperm,
and tallow, Casks, Kegs, Liquors, Counter, Scales platform
do. Counter Shelving, &c., &c.

TOHN LEVISON, AUCTIONEER.-THIS DAY, AT the 11 o'clock, at 14 Bowery, consisting of general Household Furniture, contained in the above house, such as Parlor, Bedroom and Kitchen Furniture. Sale positive to the high-est bidder, rain or shine.

JOHN KEESE, AUCTIONEER.—GREAT SALE OF hothouse and other Plants.—Lyman & Rawdon will sell, on Friday morning, April 23, at I o'clock, at their Sales Room, 377 and 379 Broadway, corner of White street, a large collection of fine hothouse and other Plants, from the green house of Mr. Thomas Duniap, consisting of every variety embraced within his extensive collection. Ladies and gentlemen are respectfully invited to attend.

tlemen are respectfully invited to attend.

R. C. KEMP, AUCTIONEER.—LARGE AND PEREMPtory sale of Carpeting at auction, in lots to suit purchasers, this day, (Thureday) at ten o'clock, at salespoom, No. 85 Nassau street, mear Pulton street.—R. C. Komp will seil at auction, as above, without reserve, by catalogue, a very large and splendid assortment of rick English Carpetings, consisting in part of 500 pieces of the richest styles of Velvet Tapestry, Brussels, Three-ply, and Ingrain Carpetings, Floor Oil Cloth, &c., vir.—English Rayal Wilten and Velvet Tapestry Carpetings, of the very richest and most beautiful patterns, this season's importation: very rich Brussels, of very handsome and rich patterns, just landed; Three-ply, heavy superine Ingrain. and Venetian Stair Carpetings. Also, a good assortment of heavy Floor Oil Cloths, Rugs, Door Mata, &c., all of which will be sold in lots to suit tuyers. Catalogues on the morning of sale. And color.

JOHN L. VANDEWATER, AUCTIONEER.—FRIDAY A Pril 23, at 10% o'clock at 27East Seventeenth at reet, near Broadway, Householf, Furniture, Swinterline Tetter, Ottomans, marble top centre, pier, and side Tables, Etogres, Book Cases, Wardrobes, black wainin and mahogany Bedisteads, marble top Bureans, Washstands, Toilet Sets, Brussels and Ingrain Carpeting, Mattresses, Pallisators, &c. Also, one rosewood Planoforte, together with an assortment of basement and kitchen Furniture, with which the sale will commence.

R. C. KEMP, AUCTIONEER.—PIANOFORTES AT auction, This Day, at twelve o'clock, at salesroom, No. 85 Nassau street, near l'ulton street,—R. C. Kemp will sell at auction, as above, without reserve, to pay advances, eight elegant rosewood 6½, 6½, and 7 octave Pianofortes, of the very best quality, from various city makers of good reputation, all of which are fully warranted, the same as when nold at private sale. Arrangements have been made to have the pianos securely boxed for shipping, or to have then stored until May, at a reasonable charge. Catalogues on merning of sale. the sale will commence.

JOHN I., VANDEWATER, AUCTIONEER—FRIDAY,
April 23, at balf past ten o'clock, at 598 Houston street,
near Broadway.—Household Furniture, consisting of the
usual assortment of household Furniture, viz:—Mahogany
and rosewood Sofis, Chairs, Tete-a-tetes, Voltaires, &c., in
hair cloth; Center Pier and Card Tables, Exerges, Boolease,
Extension Dining Tables, French Plate Micrors, &c., Mahogany Badsteads, Bureaus, Wasbstands, with marble tops;
Tollet Sets, &c., Brussels and Ingrain Carpets, &c. Also
a rich rosewood Pianoforte; together with the usual assortment of Bascunent and Kitchen Furniture, with which
the sale will commence.

ECHNICAL VANDEWATER, AUCTIONEER.—FRIDAY.

OHN L. VANDEWATER, AUCTIONEER.—FRIDAY, April 25, and Saturday, April 24, at 10% o'clock, at the sales room, No. 12 Wall street.—Bith Rorewood and Mahogany Forniture—Comprising a very large and costly assortiant of rosewood parlor Furniture, covered in brockatelle and hair cloth, marble top Etegeres, with mirrar back and front; Socretarios, Davenports; Centre Tables, Bookases; Wardrobes, &c.; extension dining Tables; bair seat Rockers, &c.; sintes in brocatelle and plush richly carved antique Chairs in green plush; Voltaires; sewing Chairs; Couches; casy Chairs, &c.; library Bookenses; inlaid reading Tables; Bureaus; Washstands, with marble tops; rosewood carved Beedsteads; mahogany porall.

ROBERT SYRNE, AUCTIONEER-WILL SELL THE COBERT BYRNE, AUCTIONEER—WILL SELL THE
entire furniture at house No. 29 Bieceker street, near
Broadway, on This Day, April 22, at 10 o'clock precisely, comprising a choice assortment of Sofas, Chairs,
Girandoles, costly Pier Glasses, Brussels, Tapestry, and Ingrain Carpets, Mahogany and Black Walnut Bedsteads,
Foather Beds, Bolsters, Fillows, Sheeting, and Table Linen,
Class, Delf, Cutlery, and all the appendages usually found
in a well regulated establishment. Sale positive. Terms
cash, in bankable money.

D. Win. B. Franklin, Son. & Co., will sell at auction its day, at 10 'clock, at 20 West Seventeenth atrect, near which avenue, the Furniture contained in the house, committed are in the house, contained, in part, ich rosewood and mabagany arbitect Furniture, over elegant Locking-glosses, Carreta, Curtaius, &c.

WM. W. SHIRLEY, AUCTIONEER.—WILL SELL this day. Thursday, 22nd, at 10 o'chok, at No. 44 Platt street.—500 lots and packages of all kinds of Crockery and Glass: a choiceassortment, just opened, in lots from the shelves, to suit retailers and grocers. Sale without reserve, rain or shine.

WILLIAM S. MelLVAIN & CO., AUCTIONEERS, will sell, this day, at 10% of clock, at No. 33 John street, cerner of Nassu, a fine collection of Perpetnal, Monthly, Moss, and other Roses, carnations, panies, tube roses, &c., from Messry, J. & P. Henderson. Also a fine assertment of plants for bedding out, from Mr. Isaac Bucha-

W.M. McILVAIN, AUCTIONEER.—AUCTION POSTponement.—In consequence of the stormy weather,
the sale of handsome Furniture, Paintings, Books, Planoforts, &c., advertised by M. HENRY & SON, which was to
take place on Thresday, 20th, will take place on Thursday
orring, at 10 o'clock precisely, at the house No. 46 Hamersley street. Catalogues are now ready, and Furniture,
Fait ings, Books, &c., ready for examination. For eash, in
city lunds. N. B. Positively no further postponement.

W.M. WITTERS, AUCTIONEER, WILL SELL ON Friday at one o'clock, at 187 Canal atroct, a large quantity of Farnitree of a boarding house, removed from Creens street, a large quantity of single Feather Bods, Hair Esttrages, Red.

committee made their report; corsequently neither the Union nor the Republic has it. I learn privately, from good authority, that the probability is the Union will get it. Hamilton goes on as usual.

> THIRT'S-SECOND COMSRESS. FIRST SESSION.

WASHINGTON, April 21, 1852. Several communications from departments were re-

of the Massachusetts Legislature, against the extension

Mr. Jones, of Tenn., presented the petition of a number of merchants and others, in Momphis, for additional aid to the Collins line of steamers.

Mr. BRODHKAD presented the resolutions of the Board of Commissioners of the Incorporated Northern Liberties of Philadelphia, setting forth that the many grants of money for the purpose of endowing the Collins line of steamers, and other similar propositions, would have the effect of building up the already overgrown interest of external commerce, to the injury of internal commerce, axternal commerce, to the injury of internal commerce, and urging that such appropriations could be much better applied to the construction of railroads to connect with the Lakes. They appeal to their representatives to oppose such appropriations. Laid on the table.

Mr. Geven introduced a bill, providing for the improvement of navigation of the Mississippi and its tributaries.

NON-INTERVENTION.

The non-intervention resolutions were taken up, and postponed till Wednesday next.

THE CUMBERLAND DAM.

The bill for the improvement and repair of the dam at the head of Cumberland Irland, in the Ohio river, was taken up. After some debate, the bill was referred to the Committee on Commerce.

taken up. After some debate, the bill was referred to the Committee on Commerce.

THE DEFICIENCY BILL

was then taken up, and a debate ensued on the amend ment appropriating \$48.000 to enable the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House to pay for the copies of Robert Dale Owen's report on the geology of Iowa. Wisconsin and Minnesota, ordered by the two houses, and the same was agreed to.

An amendment appropriating \$10.000, to be paid out and expended under the direction of the Attorney General of the United States, in precuring such copies or other evidences of the laws and decrees, or ordinances, of the Spanish or Mexican governments, relating to or affecting land claims in California or New Mexico, &c., and for the salary of an agent, to be appointed by the Attorney General, to select such information, was moved to be amended by Mr. Dawson, by striking out the "Attorney General" and inserting the "President of the United States."

Messrs, Maxgux and Dodge favored the amendment. Messrs, Borland, Badger and Felch opposed it.

Mr. Dawson's motion was finally rejected.

The original amendment was then agreed to.

THE COLLINS LINE OF STEAMERS.

The next amendment was for additional compensation

THE COLLINS LINE OF STEAMERS The next amendment was for adultonal compensation for increasing the transportation of the United States mail between New York and Liverpool, on the Collins time of steamers, to twenty-six trips per annum, at such times as shall be directed by the Postmaster General, and in conformity to his last annual report to Congress, and his letter, of the 15th of November last, to the Secretary of

letter, of the 15th of November last, to the Secretary of the Navy—commencing said increased service from the 1st of January, 1852, at the rate of \$33,000 per trip, in lieu of the present allowance of \$236,500 per annum. Mr. Gwix, (dem.) of Cal., said this amendment proposed an increase in the number of trips. This subject first came before the Committee on Naval Affairs, and was by that committee thoroughly examined. As he was also a member of the Finance Committee, he was instructed to move this amendment. The policy of Great Britain in establishing her lines of steamers, had long since attracted the attention of this country. Those steamers had been established, and for years left their tracks upon every sea, levying contributions upon all nations, particularly the United States, for their support—for, notwithstanding there were twenty thousand American vessels, the people of the United States were indebted solely to the foreign steamers for the transmission of all their letters lng there were twenty and the people of the United States were indebted solely to the foreign steamers for the transmission of all their letters to foreign countries. These British steamers were kept up by all the power of the British government. No American private enterprise, unaided, could compete with it. The subject was brought before Congress, and these contractors received a contract from the government. It became, then, a question for national honor, for, had the vessels of the Collins line failed in any single ment. It became, then, a question for national honor, for, had the vessels of the Collins line failed in any single particular, in comparison with the Cunard line, it would have proved mortifying to every American—hence no expense was spared in their construction. They have been tested, and proved themselves to be the finest models of naval architecture afloat—an honor to their proprietors and to the country. American skill is shown in all its superiority, in these vessels. To enable those results to be accomplished, the contractors were compelled to go to an expense which has rendered their present compensation insufficient, and entailing a heavy loss, amounting to \$17,000 per trip. The vessels are now greatly beyond the tonnage required by the contract. Nothing has been drawn from the treasury to support this line. The postages received by the department, on foreign letters, since the adeption of the postal treaty, up to March 31st, 1852, has been \$828,000. This is the aggregate amount of postages by the two lines since the postal treaty went into operation. Of this sum \$138,000 was received before the Collins line commenced. The postages for the present year show a large increase over past years. The postal treaty was produced by, and would never have been made, had it not been for the establishment of the Collins line,—therefore had not the Collins line been started this vast amount of \$828,000, paid for postages, would not have gone into our treasury, but would have gone to support and maintain the British fleet of war steamers, which, up to that time, had enjoyed the monopoly of the business. He looked upon this proposition as in no way conferring a monopoly upon a few individuals; but he looked upon it as a measure which had already, to some extent, broken down the monopoly of Great Britain-a monopoly which she would never regain. Abandon this line, and Great Britain draws American contributions to support her steamers—maintain the line, and Abandon this line, and Great Britain draws American contributions to support her steamers—maintain this line, and British monopoly is broken down. He thought that those individuals (Collins and his associates) who had run this hazard, which had resulted in such signal honor and credit to the whole American name, should be encouraged, sided and supported. It was not with him a mere question of aid to Collins, but whether American skill, enterprise, an henor, should for want of aid from the government be abandoned, and a foreign line of steamers, inferior in every respect, take their place. It was a national question. Mr. Hustran, (dem.) of Va. said he would oppose the amendment—first, because it was no deficiency, and ought not to be in this bill—in the next place, if Congress should sanction the ordering up of the number of

ought not to be in this bell—in the next place, if Congress should sanction the ordering up of the number of trips from twenty to twenty-six, it would only call at the present rates for a defletency of \$96,000. This \$236,000 added to the \$235,000 already poid this line, would make the aggregate annual compensation to Collins over \$600,000, while an allowance of \$32,000 for every trip would make the annual compensation over \$800,000. The government had not received, enough from the Collins line to pay what had already been expended for its approx. The postages received from the Cunard line had support. The postages received from the Conard line had nothing to do with credits for the Collins line. The consupport. The postages received from the Conard line had nothing to do with credits for the Collins line. The contract was for twenty trips a year for an annual compensation of \$385,000, making a little over \$19,000 per trip. England pays the Conard line annually \$656,000, being less than \$14,000 a trip—a sum more than twice as much as the Conard line receives. From the 27th of April, 1850, to 31st of March, 1852 the whole amount of postages received from the Collins line, was \$320,676; of this sum that line was entitled to a credit of two thirds, the other third being deducted for inland postage. American and English. In the same time \$42,000 was received for postages on newspapers, and \$40,000 for closed mails. There were no means of accretaining how much of this was received from the Cunard or Collins lines; but, allowing Collins half of these sums together with two-thirds of the letter postage, and you will find that the sum received from that line does not amount to one half of what has been paid it as compensation. Therefore it was not true that the Cunard receives more than the Collins, nor that the receipts of postage by the Collins line.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH,

BIGHLY INTENDATION.

BIGHLY INT

MAYAL DISCIPLINE.

The House resumed the consideration of the bill to en

force discipline and promote good conduct in the nava

colleague, Mr. Bocock, who had opposed the substitute which the former proposed to the bill. He denied that he

which the former proposed to the bill. He denied that he had resommended inhuman and brutal punishments, and defended his comes generally.

Mr. Stanton, (dem.) of Tenn.. said that the question appeared simply to be between the establishment of summary court martial and the giving to the commanding officer the power to inflict punishments necessary to maintain the discipline of his ship:

Mr. LOGREMAR, (dem.) of Ia., moved to lay the bill on the table. Lost.

Under the operation of the previous question, the House voted first on the substitute of Mr. Stanton. (of Tenn.) being the same as the Senate bill heretofore published with the exception, principally, that it proposed to strike out, as part of the penalty for a sailor's committing theft, the wearing of a badge for ten days with the word "thief" upon it and striking out the eighth mode of punnishment, namely, ball and chain not to be worn at sea, and reducing the time of solitary confinement from thirty to ten days. The substitute was disagreed to, by yeas 63, nays 86.

The question was next taken on Mr. Millson's substitute has been added to the bill when it developed to the bill when it developed to the bill when it was taken on Mr. Millson's substitute has been and reducing the time of solitary confinement from thirty to ten days. The substitute was disagreed to, by yeas

and reducing the time of solitary confinement from thirty to ten days. The substitute was disagreed to, by yees 63. nays 86.

The question was next taken on Mr. Millson's substitute for the bill, the main feature of which was the ordering of summary courts martial upon petty officers and persons of inferier ratings, by the minimander of any vessel in the navy, for the trial of offences deserving greater punishment than the commander of a vessel is now authorised to inflict of his own authorized, but not sufficient to require a trial by general courts martial. This was disagreed to, by yeas, 66; nays, 79.

Mr. Moore, (whig) of La. moved to lay the Senate bill upon the table. Agreed to, by yeas, 85; nays, 66.

THE DELEGATE FROM NEW MEXICO.

Mr. HAMILTON, (dem.) of Md., from the Committee on Elections, made an unfavorable report on the memorial of A. W. Reynolds contesting the seat of H. W. Weighman, the delegate from New Mexico, and the report was laid on the table.

THE HOMESTEAD BILL.

Mr. HOWARD, (dem.) of Texas, commenced a political speech, in the course of which he alluded to the compromise as a finality, and would look to the national democrats to maintain it. There was no confidence to be placed in the whigs, and he was brought to this conclusion from their action during the last twelve months. All know that President Fillmore is to be sacrificed by them, because they take it for granted that it is to be enforced by him as it is. Judging from what I see in the newspapers this morning, there was a whig caucus last night, at which, to propitiate Northern feeling, they measureably receded from their former action on the compromise—at least, they who were for standing up to it, were confined to the Southern section, and not unanimous at that, I see gentleme before me who can inform us as to the fact. I understand that the compromise there was not only unpopular, but it was ruled out of order to talk upon the subject—connected with which, the peace of our country depends. I take it for granted that General Sex

tial contest. I pause to give any gentleman an opportunity to reply. Perhaps the gentleman from North Carolimean answer.

Mr. Clingman. (whig) of N. C.—You should not have called upon me. I was rather a spectator than an actor. I hope you will call on some other gentleman.

Mr. Howard—It must be tolerably apparent that the caucus, of which we have heard so much is not very communicative on the principles on which it intends to act. With regard to the Presidential election—[aughter)—I repeat. I understand the compromise was ruled out of order, only eighteen gentlemen being willing to stand up to it, as a finality for the maintenance of the public peace.

stand up to it, as a finality for the maintenance of the public peace.

Mr. Stantr. (whig) of N. C.—Will you allow me to ask you a question? (Laughter.)

Mr. Howann—Yes, sir.

A Voice—Provided you (Mr. Howard) can ask another?

Mr. Howann—I know the gentleman will not be so discourteous as not to answer.

Mr. Stantr—That's an entirely different affair. (Laughter.) If the gentleman will answer this question, it will enable me to get the satisfaction which I have heretofore failed to obtain from gentlemen of either party, namely:—Why did not General Cass vote for the Fugitive Slave bill on the day it was passed in the Senate?

Why did not General Cass vote for the Fugitive Slave bill on the day it was passed in the Senate?

Mr. Howard—You had better ask Gen. Cass himself.

Mr. Stanky—That might be impertinent, and might offend the old gentieman. (Laghter.)

Mr. Howard—Hever conversed with him upon the subject.

[Here there was a pause. Mr. Howard having turned aside to listen to a private suggestion.]

Mr. Stanky called over the hall, and said, the gentleman cannot answer, there is so much noise and confusion.

Mr. Howard was then called upon to reply, and said that Mr. Cass might have bad private reasons for not voting.

that Mr. Cass might have had private reasons for not voting.

Mr. Starly—Exactly.

[By this time the members were in a tolerably excited state—many clustered around Mr. Howard, to hear what he had to say. Everybody inside and without the bar had their curiosity aroused to the highest point.]

Mr. Howard, clevating his voice, said that Gen. Cass, in all his speeches, before and after the passage of that bill, expressed himself in favor of the Fugitive Slave bill.

Mr. Starly—Yes, expressed it in his speeches, but acted the other way. Why didn't he voic?

Mr. Howard—I want to know of the gentleman—for I infer that General Scott is his Magnus Apollo—whether he can state that Scott approves of the Fugitive Slave law, as it now exists; and whether, if elected President, he will employ the power of the government to execute it?

Mr. Syraxix—Hes would be a perjured man if he did not (Laughter.)

Mr. Start - 10 would be a full an enswer as I can give.
Mr. Howann—Oh:
Mr. Start - 11 is as full an enswer as I can give.
Mr. Howann—The first is a question of morals and the second a question of law. But I want to ask whether the gentlemae knows, as a matter of fact, if General Scott is in favor of that measure, and if he will resist the could entire the gentlemae knows as a matter of fact, if General Scott is in favor of that measure, and if he will resist the could entire the second s

scott is in two or cettate measure, and it he will resist to medification or repeal?

Mr. Syanty — He is as good a compromise man as my friend from Texas (Laughter.) For further information I refer you in full to my letter published a few days ago, (Renewed laughter—crise of "good, good for Stenly.") Mr. Howans.—I did not hear distinctly what its said bid he say that he referred to Scott's letter? (Crise of— and much laughter—no, no, his sem letter. ind he say that he referred to Scott's letter? (Crics of— smid much laughter—"no. no. his own letter.")

Mr. Srasta.—I refer the gentleman to General Scott, and when you ged General Case's answer I won't role for Scott if he don't give you his. Is that not fair?

Mr. Howarn—I should most likely, be cheated if I ac-cepted such a bargain as that. It is suggested that the gentleman from Massachusetts could give a more incid snewer and show in what light he understood the action of the cayens.

sit is white (wag) of all as where are other men her to tell the truth besides myself. (Excessive laughter.) Mr. Howano.—The gentleman gave lucid testimony on from reflex, and I was in hopes that he would enlighten so on this secasion. He says that there are other gentlemen here besides himself who can tell the truth. That might be if they hopened to know it; but the mistor tune is, his whig friends don't know whether General sectivity and the dark in the compromise or not.

Howard.—The Pugitive Slave law included !

Mr. Howard —The Pufitive Slave law included?
Mr. Starty —All the compromise measures.
Mr. Howard — He gentleman can state this of his can knowledge or by the authority of General Scott, I shall be proud to know it. I believe however that the protein mrom Massachusetts (Mr. Fowler), is also to be counted. The gentleman from North Carolina could releve unfrom all difficulty, if he would say that General Scott has authorized him to make the declaration.
Mr. Starty—I will answer. I have not conversed with Grn. Scott for three months; have got other matters to attend to and I presume he has too. I don't speak any body's expressed opinions. Gen. Scott peaks for himself. He is able to do so. I tell the gentleman I know what I have said, of my own knowledge, from Gen. Scott's can light. There's no mistake about this.
Mr. Uctraw (whig) of N. C. wished to know from his ellergue why Gen. Scott did not say accover his own signature?

the table in the desceratic causes, at the commencement of this session, to wit:—there was no other reason than that the subject belonged to the national convention.

Mr. Howard resulted in having adopted a compromise resolution in the first causens, and ruled it out in the last. It can suggest only one moral, and that is, that they repented of what they had before done.

Mr. Brooks, (whig) of N. T., said in the prior cause of fifty-one members we had no record made. The settled policy was, that the Compromise measures were a finality—subsequently it was found to be the interest of the great body of the whigs North, and a portion of the South, to repudiate the Compromise. When the gentleman from Georgia, (Mr. Hillyer.) introduced his resolution here, the Southern solumn wavered, and, as at Waterloo, the cry among the whige was, "save himself who can," and every Northern whig, except seven repudiated the record heretofore made. In the cancus held last night, we were not permitted to approach the subject; it was ruled out of order to speak of the Compromise, or agitate it at all, until we had decided the time and place for holding the National Convention—but there stood behind those who were ready to adjourn, and give us no time to vote on the Compromise.

Mr. Camparill, (free soil) of Ohio, said that the information of the gentleman was not correct. The presiding officer decided that, notwithstanding the proposition might be entertained at another stage of the proceedings, it was not germain to the resolution then before the meeting.

Mr. Stanly said distinctly that there was no rejection of the Compromise in the whig caucus, and never has beex. The gentleman from New York (Mr. Broods) remarked that the Southern whige faltered. If the gentleman chooses to take the Southern whige and the slavery institution under his direction here, we are to be accused of faltering because we will not follow his lead. And the gentleman seems to think that he is to be sacrificed and taken to the altar, because we will not toley h

Mr. Howard—Certainly—we will get as much as we want.

Mr. Stanly—Yes, and more too.

Mr. Washingers.—I was in the first caucus, and in that of last night. The whigs of the North have not changed. They occupy the same position on the Compromise that they did at first.

Mr. Howard.—I want to know if the gentleman and his party are opposed to any modification of the Fugitive Slave law, and are for enforcing it as it is?

Mr. Washingar.—We are determined not to agitate it. We are in favor of leaving it as it is—for the present, certainly. (Laughter.)

The gentleman continued his remarks, but not a word could be heard, because of the general and deafening cries of "order." mingled with laughter, and cries of "Go on," "go on." Nearly all the members were on their feet.

cries of "order," mingled with laughter, and cries of "Go on." "go on." Nearly all the members were on their feet.

Mr. Meade. (dem.) of Va. jocosely called for the Sergeant.at-Arms to take the gentleman into custody. (Ha! ha!)

The Chairman. (Mr. Hibbard) (dem.) of N. H., said he must arrest this course of proceeding—it had been tolerated by general—(rap. rap.)

Mr. Durre, (dem.) of Wis.—It will break up the two parties if not stopped. (Loud ha! has!)

Mr. Howard—I am apprehensive, as a matter of fact the whigs are opposed to political orthodox.

Mr. Washelken.—We are opposed to making a sectional question a national one. (Renewed exclamations of "order." "order.")

Mr. Howard resumed his remarks against the course of the whigs, saying it was apparent that General Scott was afraid or ashamed to avow his principles, and that the people were asked to take him on trust. He was astonished that Mr. Stanly should take shelter behind a question of order, in relation to a matter involving very important considerations.

Mr. Stanly remarked that he believed it was the design to break up and have no National Convention at all. The whig caucus were to fix the time and place of holding it, and not to act in other matters.

Mr. Howard repeated, that a party which would take shelter behind a parlimentary rule ought to be broken up.

Mr. Stanly—Let the gentleman look to the proceedings of the democratic convention as I will to the whig and then, if we, as Southern men, cannot be satisfied, we may stand shoulder to shoulder.

Mr. Howard replied, that he was glad the gentleman makes the suggestion. He made further remarks in relation to the whig caucus, charging them with dodging; and when he concluded, the committee rose and the House adjourned.

The members then hurriedly picked up their hats and coasts and bestened of to dimper nearly all of these in

and when he concluded, the committee too and the House adjourned.

The members then hurriedly picked up their hats and coats, and hastened off to dinner, nearly all of them in evident good humor.

The Baltimore Whig City Convention. Baltimone, April 21, 1852.

The Baltimore Whig City Convention is in session, dis cussing the Scott resolutions. There is a full attendance

cussing the Scott resolutions. There is a full attendance of members, who are about equally divided between Scott and Fillmore.

A motion is pending to lay the resolution on the table, which will be adopted—several Scott men taking the ground that the convention has no power to express the views of the whigs of the city, and that the people will, in their ward meetings, on Monday next, in electing delegates to the City Convention to select a delegate to represent the city in the National Convention, decide the question for them: elves.

The Women's Temperance Convention.

At the Convention last evening, Mrs. Stanton and a ady from Genesce county, read long and interesting ad-

tive to divorce, in reply to a letter of Mrs. Nichols, read

discussion of a resolution to form a "Women's Tempeonce Society," which was finally adopted, and a constitation and officers reported-Mrs. E. C. Stanton, Predeat with twelve Vice Presidents, among whom are stituat, with tweire Vice Presidents, among whom are Mrs. Gerrit Smith, and Mrs. E. C. Delayan; Corresponding Secretary, Nrs. Bloomer. An Executive Committee of three was also elected.

The Convention passed a resolution in favor of the Maine law.

The fifth resolution is as follows:

Resolved, That we caim, as our birthright, sufficient intellectual capacity to decide upon the propriety of any course of action which the sacred promptings of our better motors may lead us to adopt, and that we atterly and indignantly repudiate and disayon the insuling expressions relative to our effects in the cause of temperance, in eigenlating a potition, Sc., used by the Hos. Mr. Galo, of New York, in the Assembly, during the present assion.

This called out Mrs. Bloomer, in a long and eloquent address.

The proceedings have been marked with great unaul-

Prinankerins, April 21, 1852, Judge Coulter, who was elected to the Supreme Bench of Pennsylvania last October, died this morning, at West moreland, while on a visit to his family.

Items from Baltimore. BALTIMORE, April 21, 1852.

No mail has been received south of Washington to-

Advices from Galveston state that the Treasurer of Texas will be unable to pay the second class creditors in specie, and that they must be prepared to change \$1,000 bonds. bonds.

Mr. Durkin, a prominent physician of Petersburg, Va., died in that city on Satukiay last. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Numerous Marine Disasters, OF THE BRIFISH BARE JOSEPH—SEVERAL LIVES LOST—VESSELS ASHORE, ETC.

Boston, April 21, 1852. The British bark Joseph, from Bristol, England, for Boston, struck on Truro beach last night, and went to pieces. Her stern was found on the shore this morning Two of her men cause ashore on fragments of the wreck very much exhausted—the remainder of the orew word undoubtedly lost. Two men from Trure, in endeavoring to reach the wreck and save the lives of the crew, w

The brig Marens, of Bangoz, with a signal of distress in the rigging, carte ashore on Scituate beach this morning, at seven o'clock. She was found abandoned, with her sails set and boats gone. The fate of the crew is un-

her sails set and beats gone. The fate of the crew is unknown.

The British schooner Caledonia, from: Nova Scotia for Beston, with wood, came achore at 9 A. M., on Marsh-field Leach. Her crew and passengers smiled with difficulty on a line to the beselt.

The brig Romp, from Cayonne for Salem, wont achore on Chatham beach, at ten e'clèck on Monday morning. Cargo and specie saved. Vessel probably a torsilloss. A vessel, from Picton for Deston, is ashore four miles from the Romp, and is reported to be breaking up.

The ship seen at anchor yester-flay, within a mile of Minot's Ledge rocks, was the J. Contum, from New Orleans. Last night sise dragged her sachor, and was obliged to cut away her masts to prevent going achore. Finding that the vessel was still dragging, they made all the sail possible, and passed between the Harding and the beach at Boston. She was met by a sleamer and towed up to the city.

The Firshets.
PROPERTY DESTROYED IN THE WOST.

CINCINNATI, April 20, 1852. The O'Reilly Telegraph line is under wai r, between Wheeling and Pittsburg. We hear of tremendous loss of

RAILROAD TRAVEL TO BALTIMORE RESUMED BALTIMORE, April 21, 1852, The Western cars came in this evening at their usual hour, the flood having subsided and the road been re paired, so that the regular travel can be resumed.

FRESHET AT ALBANY. ALEANT, April 21, 1852.
The storm continues unabated. At intervals, during last night and this morning, heavy falls of rain occurred. There is a heavy freshet in the river, and the docks are partially submerged. There is a strong northerly wind

Affairs in Albany.

ALBANT, April 21, 1852.

After the adjournment of the Board of Common Council, last evening, the democratic members went intecaucus for the selection of officers. They remained in
sestion until two o'clock, this morning, when they finally
agreed upon the following, as the principal officers for
the city:—
Overseer of the Poor—William L. Osborn.
Atterney—M. McMahon.
Clerk—Clinton Cassidy.
Surveyor—Henry Rector.
Deputy Surveyor—Aaron Hill.
Alms House Physician—Thomas Smith.
Marshal—Stephen Hutchins.
The Mayor called a special faceting of the board this
evening, when the above nominations were coafirmed.
W. eil, last evening, the democratic members went inte

ROGHESTER, April 21, 1862.

No boats have yet cleared at our Collector's office. The rater to-day is low for a few miles east of here, but the beats will find no difficulty to-morrow. To the west—the water at Albion was only twenty inches deep at noon, but was rising fast.

Utica, April 21, 1852.

Some of the long levels of the cannis are partially filled with water, and from present prospects they will soon be in navigable order. No breaks have as yet occurred.

Oswego, April 21, 1852.

The ice in the St. Lawrence has broken up, and the steamers of the Ontario and St. Lawrence Co. commenced their regular trips yesterday, the Niagara leaving at 4 P. M. for Lewiston. The Northerner, for Ogdensburg.

left this morning

The steamer left Rochester for Oswego last night.

A steamer will hereafter leave the port of Ogdensburg
each morning and each afternoon, for Lewiston and Nia-

The Southern Steamers.

THE ALABAMA AT SAVANNAH.

SAVANNAH, April 21, 1862.

The steamship Alabama, Capt. Ludlow, from New York, arrived at Savannah on Tuesday morning. THE MARION AT CHARLESTON.

Charleston, April 20, 1852.

The steamship Marion, from New York, arrived here
at ten o'clock this morning.

ROCHESTER, April 21, 1852.
Sales were made to-day of 1,000 bushels of wheat at

Meteorological Observations.

BU MORSE'S MAGNETIC LINE, OFFICE CORNER OF WALL STREET
AND BROADWAY.

BUFFALO, 10 A. M.—Thermometer 44. Barometer 28.
70. Wind north. Cloudy, unpleasant morning, with Wind north. Cloudight showers at intervals.

AUBURN, 10 A. M.—Cold, wet, disagreeable morning Symacuse, 10 A. M.—Very unpleasant morning and storming still. Thermometer 40.

Utica, 10 A. M.—Rainy morning, and storm continues. Thermometer 42. Wind cast.

Alaany, 10 A. M.—A dark, rainy morning, and unpleasant, Wind north. Talmometer 46. Barometer 28 820. Mercury 86.

pleasant, Wind no 28.820. Mercury 65. TROY, 10 A. M.-Unpleasant morning, with showers of

Arrival of the New Captain General at OUR CUBAN CORRESPONDENCE

HAVANA, April 15-2 30 A. M. The steamer Fernando Catolica is just arrived.

with the new Captain General, Don Valentin Castaneira. General Concha and family sail to-morrow evening, in the mail steamer Isabella la Catolica, for Spain. Had General Concha not received a letter from his brother, by the Charleston steamer, on the 11th inst., the first intimation of his recall would have been the arrival of his successor. It is all an intrigue of the parties I named in my last, with the Count Villanueva at their head. Great indignation continues to be expressed on all sides at Concha's abrupt recall.

The Whig Caucus.

(From the Washington Union, April 21.)

It is understood that this long-talked-of meeting of the whigs took place last night, and went off as every one knew it woold. In diplomacy, it is said sometimes that words are used to concent the teal intention of the speaker; but medern whiggery has carried this idea a little further. It has found a mode of effecting, through caucusves a programme of political action which has opposite meanings at one and the same time. If we are not misinformed, however, there was some dull minds in the caucus hat hight, which could not comprehend the diplomacy by which national whiggery permits a man at the North to be carned in opposition to the Fugitive Stave law, and at the South to be equally current infavor of it. They were somewhat in the predicament of an anfortunate gentleman whom we once saw in a society of free-thinkers, who were discussing the propelety of abstaining from the use of ardent sprits. He gave his opinion in favor of total abstinence, in language which was semewhat offensive, and was uncertimoniously kicked out of the assembly. Before quitting the door, however, through which he departed, he turned round, and, making a polite bow to his commades declared that a more gentle hint to leave would have been just as effective. We do not know the names of all the distinguished members of the whig party who have thus been ruled out of church but we are credibly informed that they make quite a re-pectable agend and hear with reasonable philosophy the gentle hint which separates them from their brittern, because they are not as fair at present in the mysteries of why traction ruled a motion endorsing the position of Messrs. Fillmere and Webster, on the Comparance to be out of order, which was austained by a majority, whereupon a portion of the members withsilerw, and then the business moved on harmoniously. The President of the caucus, Mr. Seward, Mr. Jones of Tenneevee, and other leading spirits of the nacting, had an uninterrupted flow of good humon. A

the future.

We understand that Mesers, Dawson, Berrien, Stephens of Georgia, and some other leading whigs from the South, knowing the game that was to be played, refused to attend the meeting.

Naval Intelligence.
U. S. frigate Earitan. Com. Charles S. McCanley remained at Valperaizo, March 20; as also sloops of war Ports mouth Com. Thomas A. Dornin; and St. Lawrence, Cem. Breden Dulaney. The Portsmouth arrived on the 18th, in forty-two days from Rio Janeiro; and the St. Lawrence on the 19th, in thirty-nine days from the say